

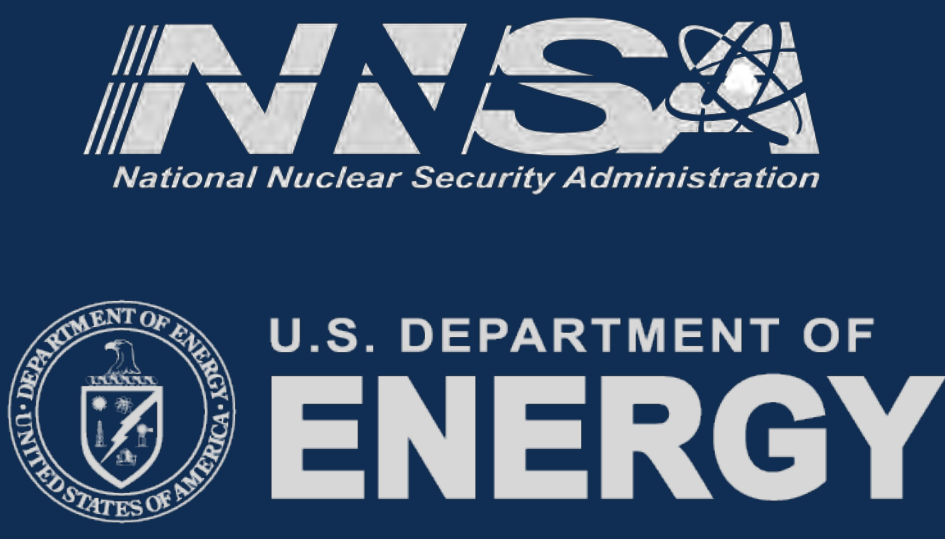
# Maintaining Quality and Confidence in Open-Source, Evolving Software: Lessons Learned with PFLOTRAN

www.pflotran.org

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## Introduction

software evolution  
'sɒf(t)wɛr/ / ˈɛvəˈlʊʃən(ə)n/  
Standard definition:  
The gradual development of code, from a simple to a more complex form, due to **repeated** improvements and updates.

- Reasons for software evolution**
- New domain science:
    - New process models
    - Increasingly mechanistic process models
  - New programming paradigms
  - New numerical methods for solution
  - New computational science:
    - Change in third-party libraries
    - Switching operating systems or programming language
    - New or changing computer hardware

software quality assurance  
'sɒf(t)wɛr/ / ˈkwælədɪ/ ə ˈʃiːəʊrəns/  
IEEE standard:  
A planned and systematic pattern of all actions necessary to **provide adequate confidence** that software conforms to established technical requirements.

- Software quality includes**
- Correctness (validation and verification)
  - Reliability
  - Maintainability
  - Testability
  - Availability
  - Portability
  - Survivability
  - Efficiency

## When software is constantly evolving, how can we ensure software quality?

Open Source  
Development



Software  
Configuration  
Management



Automated  
Testing Suites



Modular Object-  
Oriented Design



Online Version-  
Controlled  
Documentation

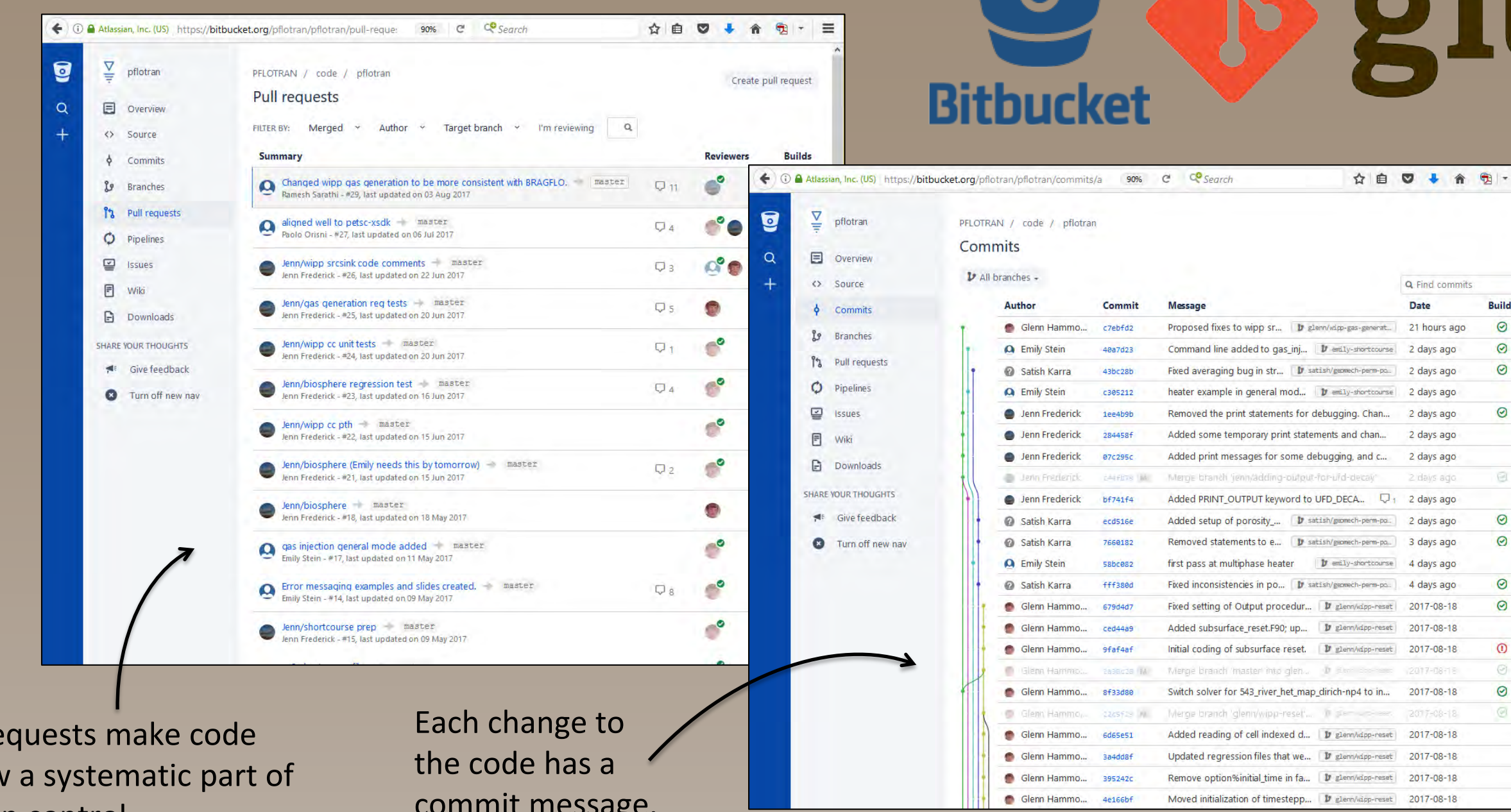
# PFLOTRAN

Visit us at <http://www.pflotran.org>  
Documentation at <http://www.documentation.pflotran.org>  
Questions? Email us at [pflotran-users@googlegroups.com](mailto:pflotran-users@googlegroups.com)

code repository  
**pflotran**

## Software Configuration Management

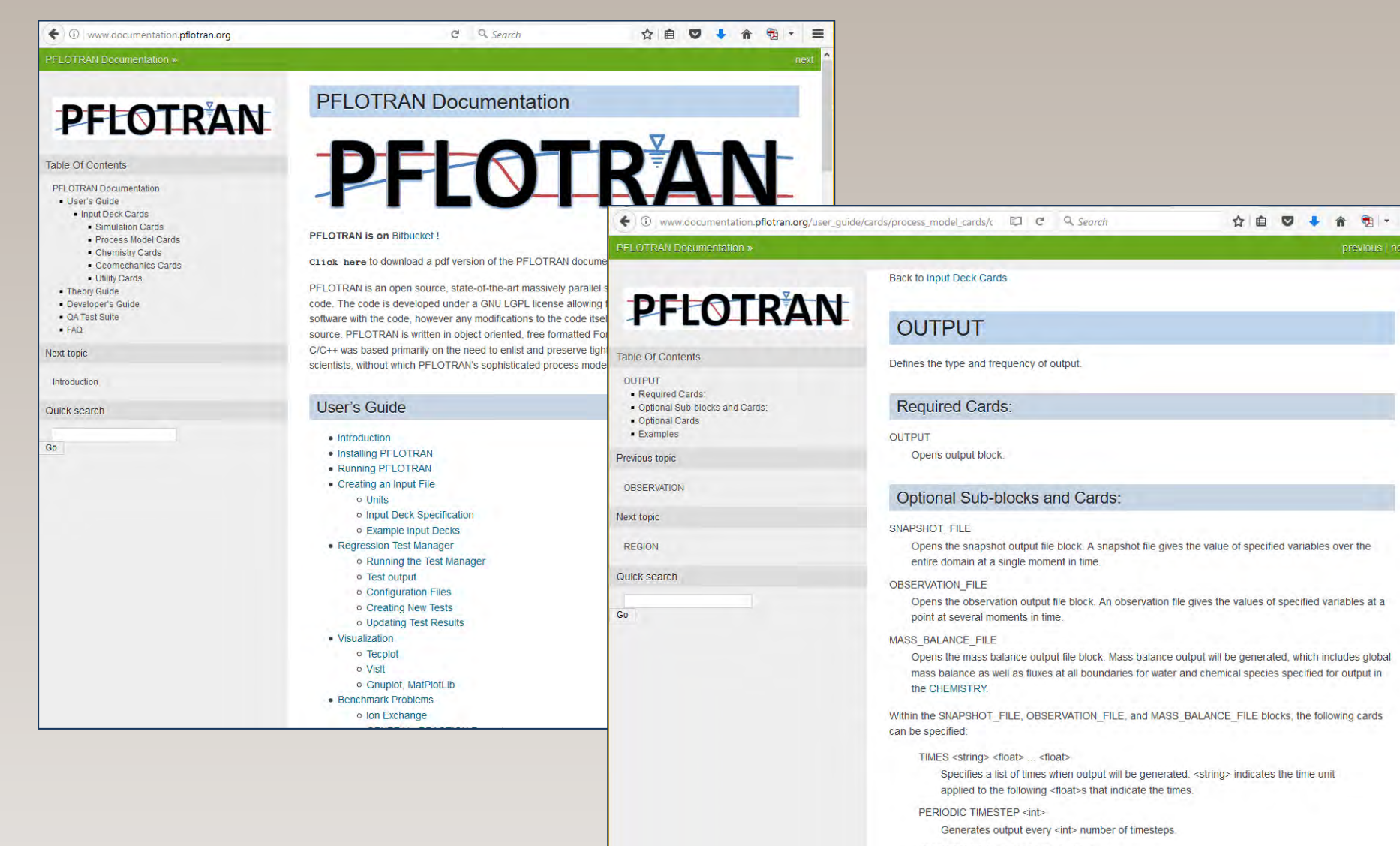
- PFLOTRAN employs the Git distributed source control management tool for configuration management.
- Git logs all changes to a code repository
  - Version control
  - Code can be rolled back if a mistake was made
- Git allows developers to:
  - Clone the base repository
  - Modify and test code in a development branch
  - Merge changes back into base repository
  - Pinpoint problematic changesets (snapshots of code versions)
- Hosted on Bitbucket.com



Pull requests make code review a systematic part of version control.

Each change to the code has a commit message.

## Online Documentation



- PFLOTRAN uses a documentation generator program called Sphinx ([www.sphinx-doc.org](http://www.sphinx-doc.org))
- The documentation consists of text files and images, written in restructured text, and organized with an index
- The documentation is version controlled and the repository is hosted on Bitbucket.com
  - When/if you roll back the code, you can roll back the documentation too!
- Sphinx creates html files as well as LaTeX -> pdf
- We host the html files on our documentation website <http://documentation.pflotran.org>
- The pdf User's Guide and Theory Manual can be downloaded or printed, and never falls behind the online documentation

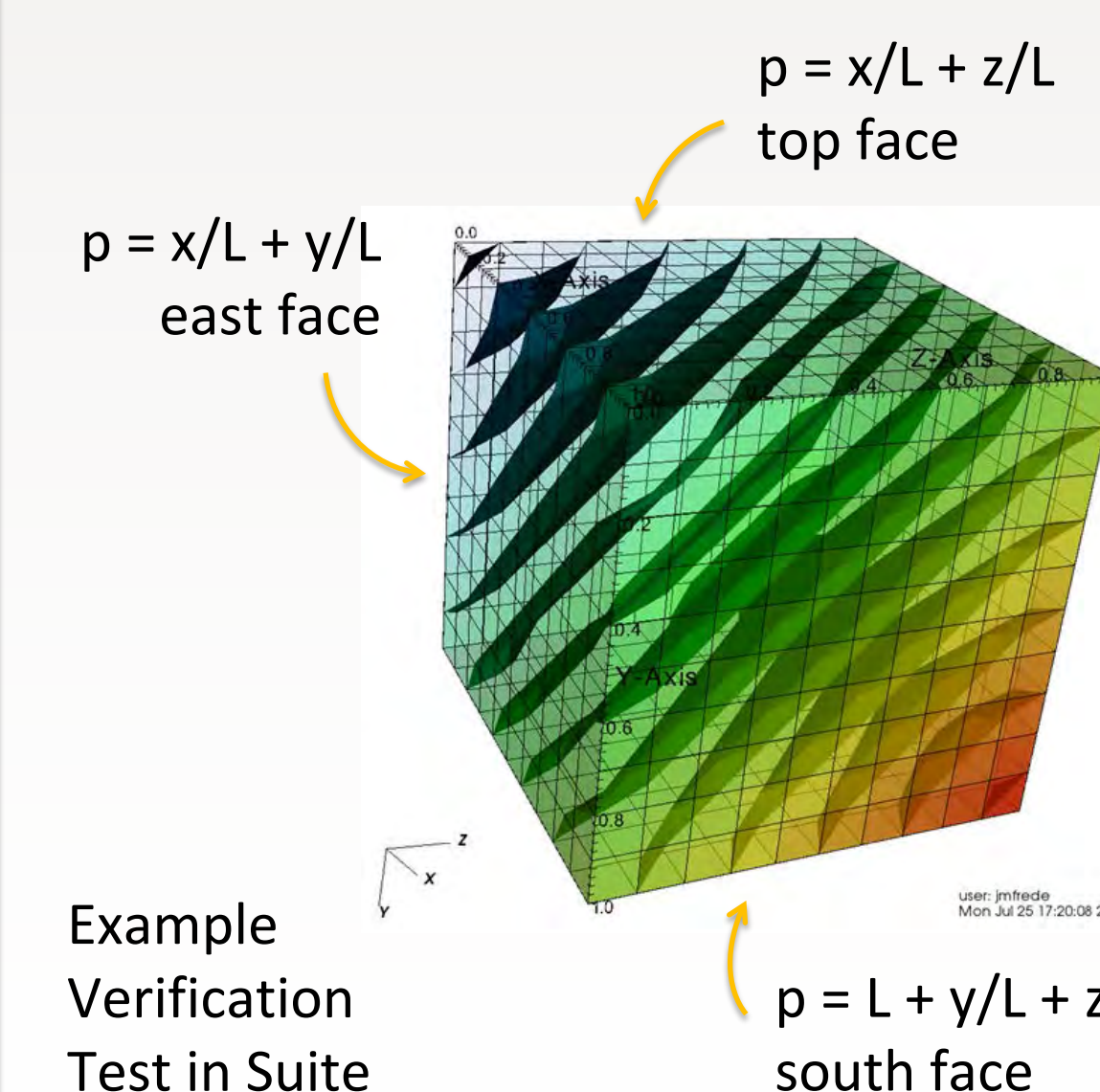
<http://www.sphinx-docs.org>



## Automated Testing Suites

- As open source development fosters a growing community of developers, the code should not break!
- Automated testing ensures the code works properly, but it is dependent on having good code coverage.
- Unit tests**
  - Individual routines are executed in isolation.
  - Results are compared with a gold standard to *within a tolerance*.
- Regression tests** – focus on changes in simulation results
  - Full simulations are executed.
  - Simulations results are sampled and compared to a gold standard to *within a tolerance*.
- Why a tolerance?** Accommodates small variations in software and hardware (e.g., Linux vs Mac, compilers)  
if (abs(test\_value - gold\_standard) > tolerance) report\_error()

- Verification tests**
  - Full simulations are executed, for which there is a known solution.
  - Simulation results are sampled and compared to an analytical solution *within a tolerance*.

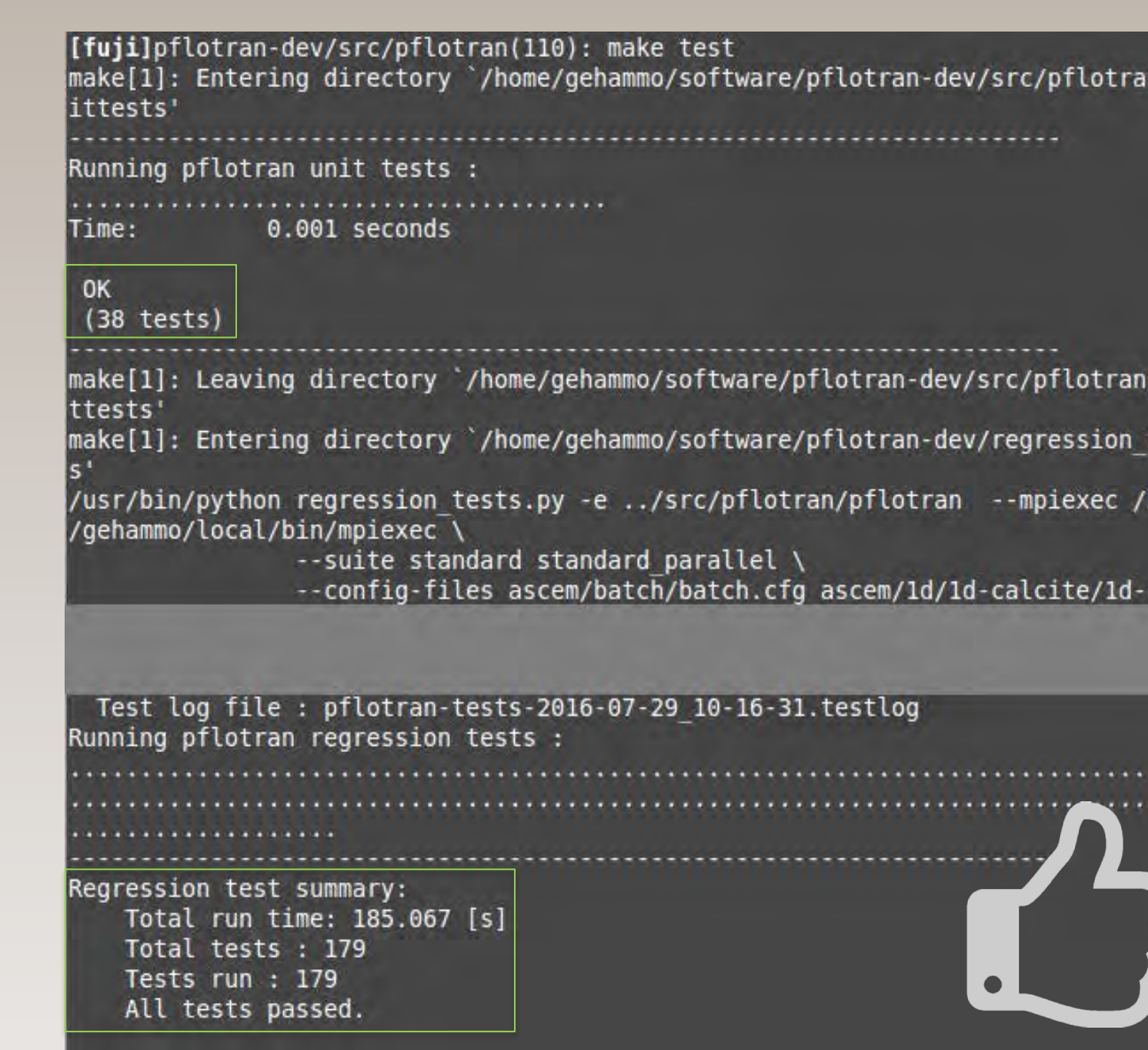


Verification Problem Set-up:

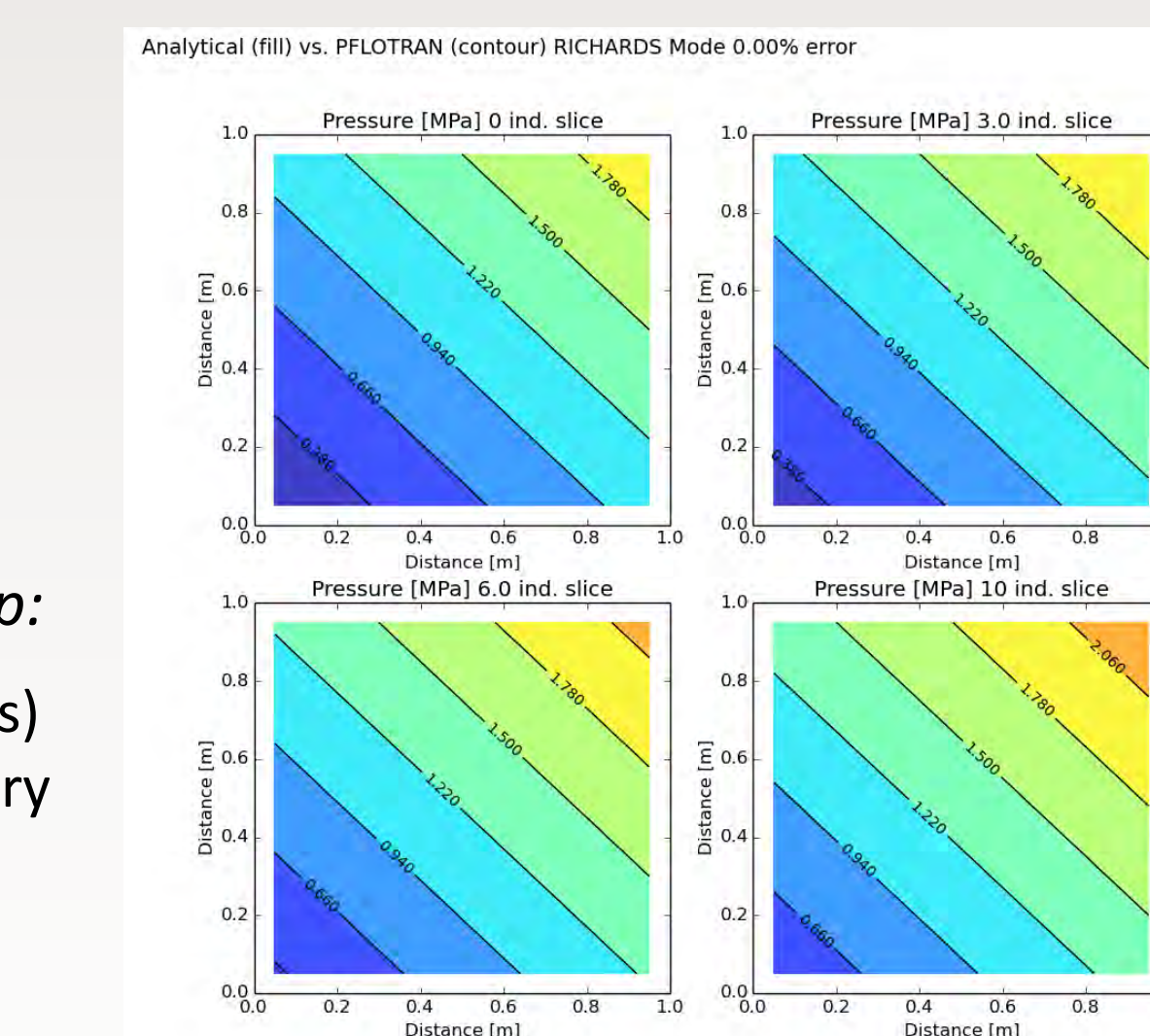
- 3D domain (10x10x10 cells)
- Dirichlet pressure boundary conditions
- Solve for steady state pressure/flow fields

governing equation  
$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

analytical solution  
$$p(x, y, z) = p_0 \left( \frac{x}{L} + \frac{y}{L} + \frac{z}{L} \right)$$

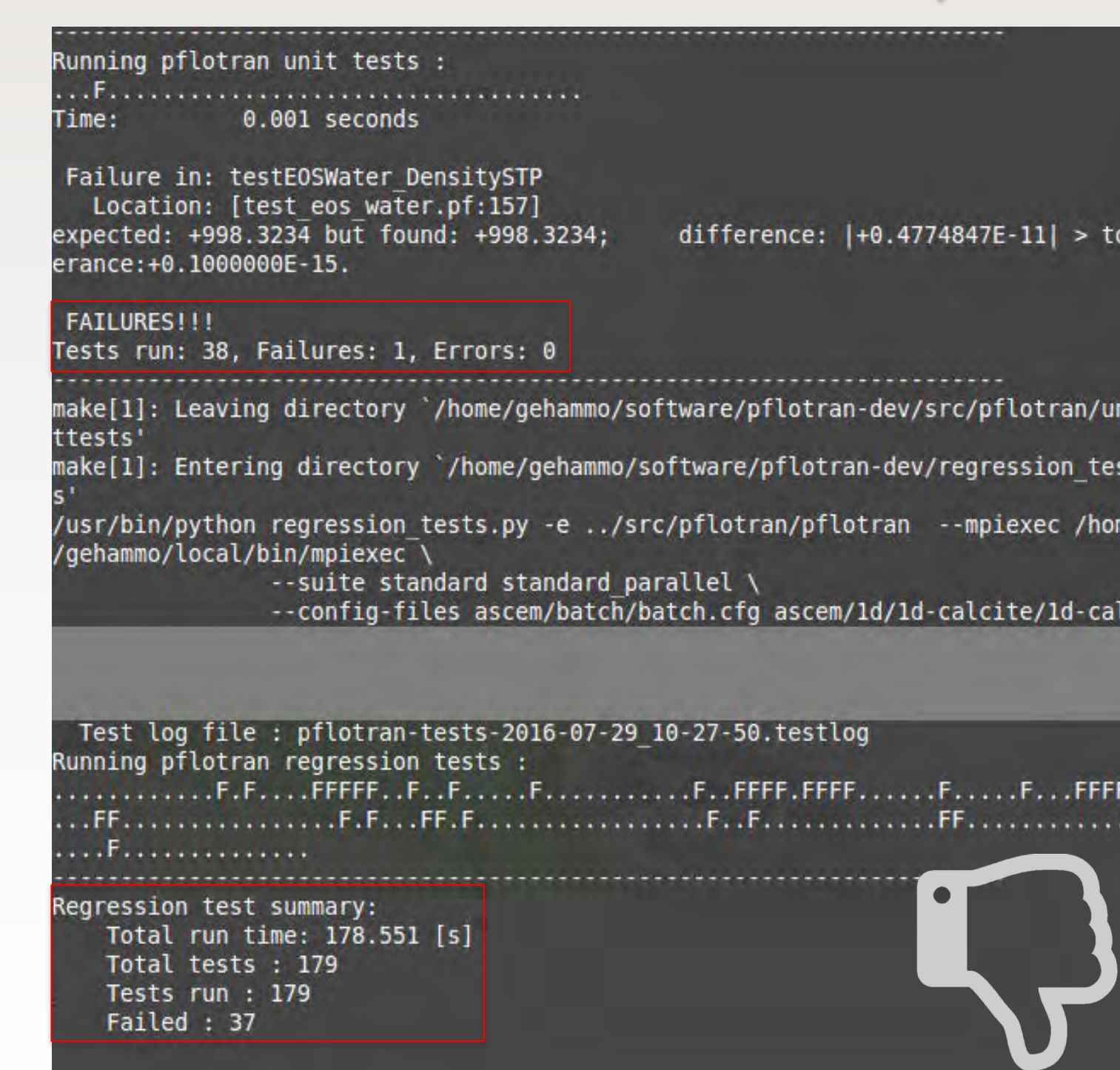


A successful run of the unit and regression tests.



Example regression test failure:  
Perturb the critical pressure for the water equation of state by 10 billionths of a percent, and see what happens...

```
diff -r f9f01bbf557a src/pflotran/eos_water.F90  
--- a/src/pflotran/eos_water.F90  
+++ b/src/pflotran/eos_water.F90  
@@ -893,6 +893,7 @@  
  
    tc1 = H2O_CRITICAL_TEMPERATURE ! K  
    pc1 = H2O_CRITICAL_PRESSURE ! Pa  
+    pc1 = pc1 + 1.d-10*H2O_CRITICAL_PRESSURE  
    vc1 = 0.00317d0 ! m^3/kg  
    utc1 = one/tc1 ! 1/C  
    upc1 = one/pc1 ! 1/Pa
```



An unsuccessful run of the unit and regression tests. Note several failing unit and regression tests! Somebody broke the code!